

Commission for Higher Education Meeting

December 9, 2021





MISSION: The Institute for Workforce Excellence is dedicated to helping Indiana attract, develop and retain the Hoosier talent needed to drive a highly skilled and equitable workforce.

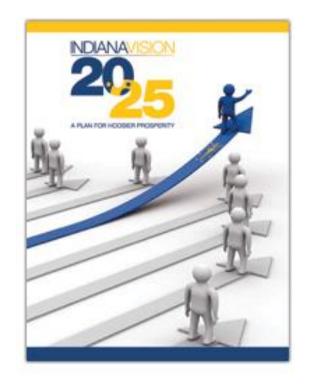
STRUCTURE: The Institute is a **nonprofit** (501c3) subsidiary of the Indiana Chamber of Commerce led in collaboration with stakeholders representing **business**, **community**, **education and government**.



Indiana Chamber: Mission + Vision

Cultivate a world-class environment which provides economic opportunity and prosperity for the people of Indiana and their enterprises.

- 1) Outstanding Talent
- 2) Attractive Business Climate
- 3) Superior Infrastructure
- 4) Dynamic + Creative Culture





EDUCATION ATTAINMENT = ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

 Less than half—48.5%—of working-age Hoosiers have completed education/training beyond high school. (IN ranks 35th nationally)

SOURCE: Lumina Foundation for Education

• Overwhelmingly, <u>individuals say they look to their employers</u> for guidance as to the appropriate education/training to pursue.

SOURCE: Strada-Gallup Consumer Insights Survey



INSTITUTE GOALS:

- 1) PARTNERSHIPS: Strengthen talent pipeline partnerships across Indiana's business, community, education + government sectors.
- 2) **PROGRAMS:** Help Hoosiers better navigate the ever-expanding wealth of talent programs + providers available across Indiana.
- 3) **POLICY + PRACTICE:** Inform workforce policy and practice through relevant research and consumer surveys that strengthen the feedback loop between Indiana's public + private sectors.



INSTITUTE INITIATIVES:

- Enhanced Employer Engagement: Statewide communications campaign + competency/skill validation
- Expanded Programs + Services: Increased programmatic impact through Work + Learn Indiana and Talent Resource Navigator
- Extended Workforce Insights: Ongoing research to gauge labor market perspectives, trends + opportunities, including statewide surveys of Indiana employers + employees.



2021 Indiana Chamber EMPLOYER SURVEY

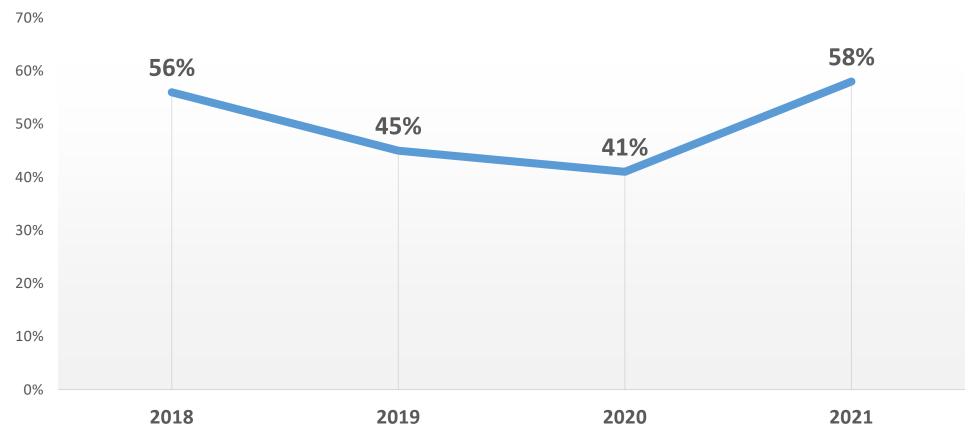


Employer Survey Background

- 14th annual statewide, cross-sector survey
- 905 responses, administered Q3 2021
- 73% of responses from owner/management
- 62% small/mid-size businesses (<100 employees)

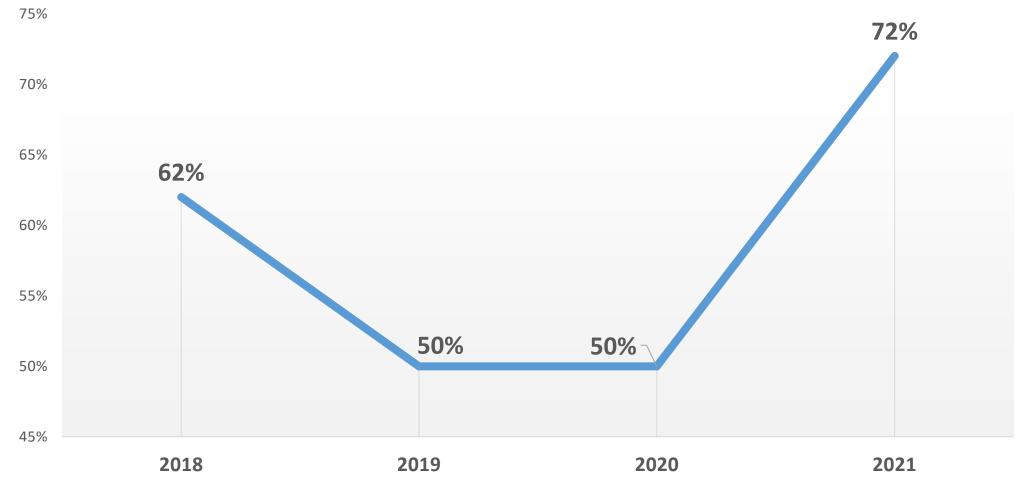


Increase Size of Workforce Next 1-2 Years



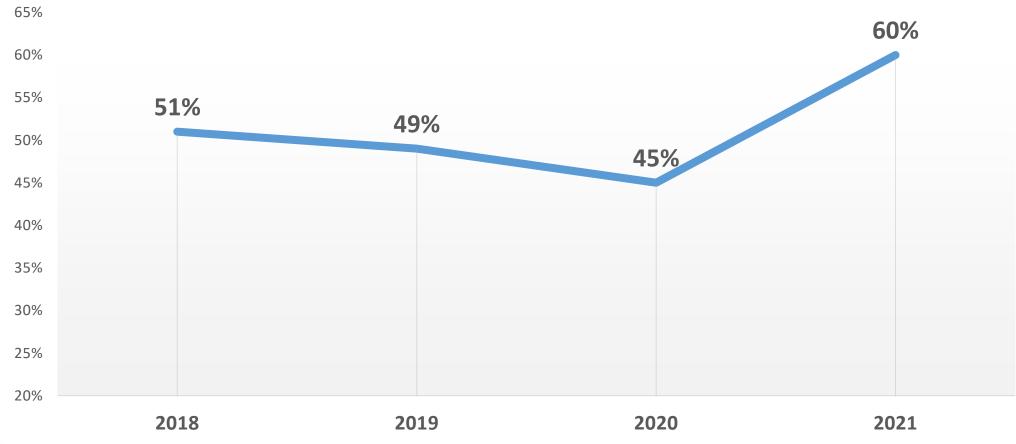


Supply of Applicants Does Not Meet Needs



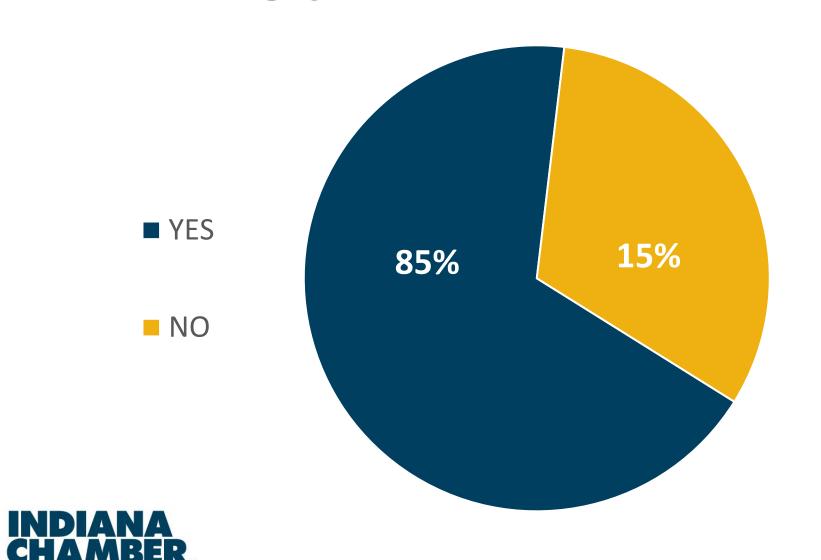


Left Jobs Open in Past Year Due to Underqualified Applicants





Is meeting your talent needs a challenge?



Employer Response



Changing Training Strategy (2021 vs. 2020)

Increased on-the-job training:	33%	+17
Increased investment in training:	31%	+14
Increased time allowed for training:	27%	+7
Automating/replacing job functions:	27%	+14



Current Employees: Skill-Up Support

	2021	3-Yr Trend
Flexible Work Hours	49%	+7
Tuition Support/Reimbursement	46%	+4
Onsite/Online Instruction	28%	+9
Assistance with Career Plan	24%	+3



Future Employees: Work-Based Learning

	2021	3-Yr Trend
College Internships	51%	+13
Job Shadowing	27%	+3
Student Site Visits	25%	+3
High School Internships	23%	+3
Apprenticeships	18%	+6
None of the Above	30%	-10



Challenges + Opportunities



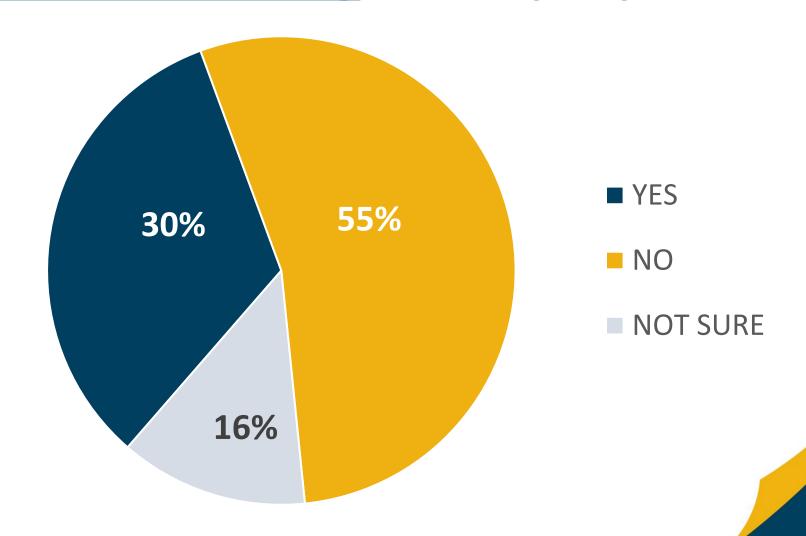
Provide Career Awareness/Exploration Opportunities to Local K-12 Students

2021: 31%

2019-21: **-3**



Human Resources Staff Offers Career Coaching to Employees



Awareness of "Next Level Jobs" Grants

2021: 45%

2019-21: +7



2021 Indiana Chamber EMPLOYEE SURVEY



Employee Survey Background

- Inaugural survey of 602 Hoosiers (Q3 2021)
- Between the ages of 18-60
- Employed, unemployed and under-employed
- Not business owners or upper-level management

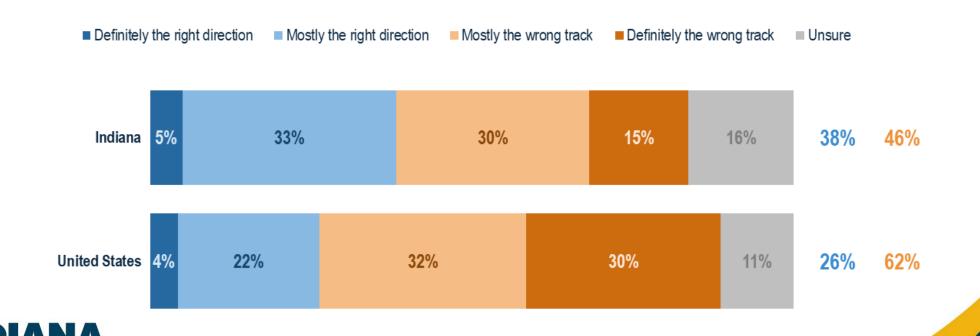


General Outlook



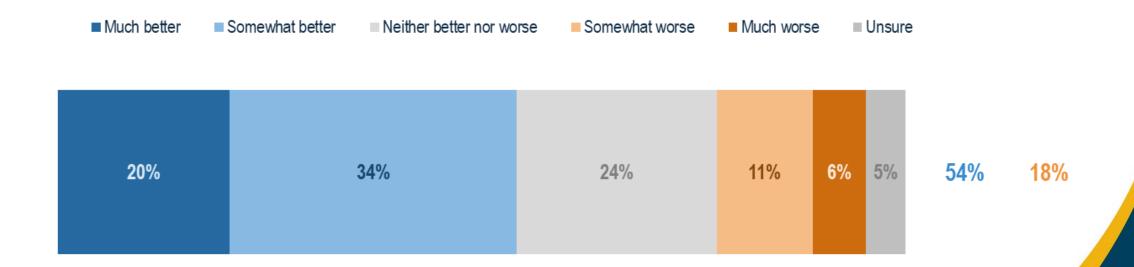
Both the State + Country are on the Wrong Track

- 62% think the U.S. is off on the wrong track. Especially among women, people ages 45-54, White respondents, people without a college degree and Republicans.
- 46% think Indiana is on the wrong track. Especially among White respondents, people making \$40K-\$60K, ex-offenders and Democrats.



Most Think Their Financial Situation Will Get Better

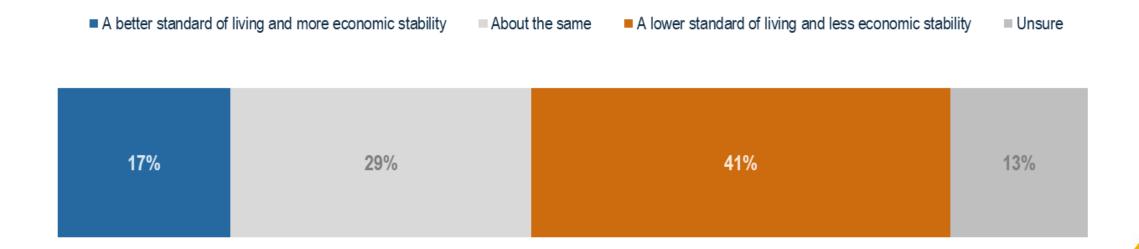
- Men, people under 45, minorities, the fully-employed, single people, Independents, Democrats, parents, suburbanites, and the college-educated among most optimistic.
- BUT... 18% say their household financial situation will get worse.





BUT, Many Are Less Optimistic For Future Generations

- 41% think future generations will have a <u>lower standard of living + less economic stability</u>.
- White respondents, Republicans, people making \$40K-\$50K and people without children are among the most pessimistic.



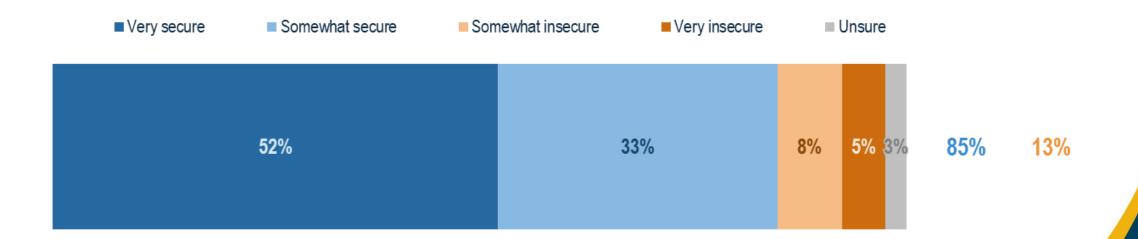


Job/Career Outlook (Fully Employed Respondents)



Majority Not Worried About Jobs Being Eliminated

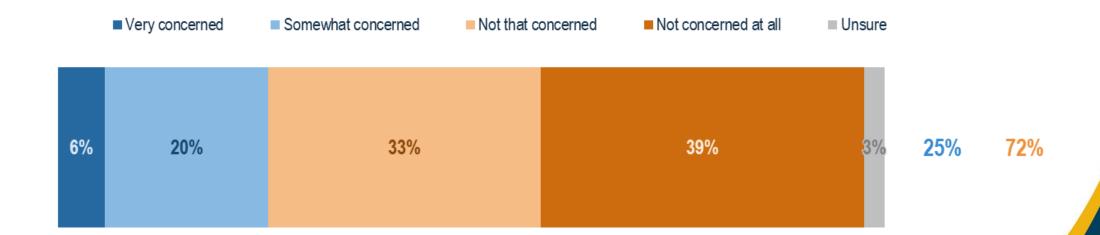
- 85% think that their current job is secure for the next five years.
- This feeling is universal across demographic groups.





Majority Also Not Concerned About Automation

- Nearly 3/4 not concerned about automation.
- Like job security, this feeling is universal across demographic groups.





Majority Said COVID-19 <u>HAS NOT</u> Impacted Their Income

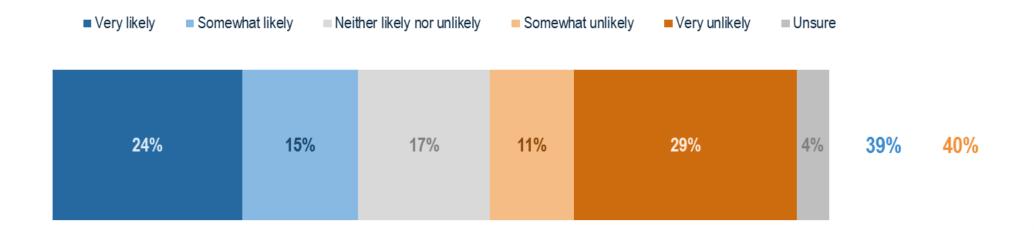
- 78% of respondents said their income either <u>INCREASED</u> or <u>STAYED THE SAME</u> during the pandemic.
- Incomes of people under 25 were more likely to decrease than other demographic groups.





Respondents Overall Are Split on Whether They'll Look for a New Job in the Next Year

- 39% of all respondents expect to search for new job opportunities in the year ahead.
- Majority (68%) of un/underemployed plan on looking for a new job in the year ahead.



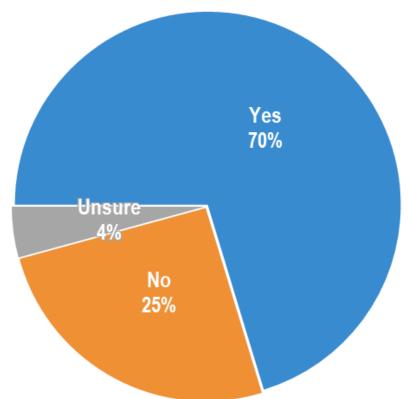


The Unemployed + Underemployed



70% of Un/Underemployed Are Looking for Work

- The quarter of respondents who are NOT looking for work are more likely to be women, age 55+, underemployed, married, and/or live in the suburbs.
- More than half of the unemployed have been without a stable job with a living wage for more than 6 months.





Health + Transportation Issues Among Most Frequently Cited Barriers to Employment

- WOMEN: Much more likely than men to cite health reasons.
- MEN: Transportation and "still in school" were more common.
- EX-OFFENDERS: Most likely to cite transportation issues + their criminal record.

16%	Health reasons
12%	No transport options
11%	Still at school
9%	Money once a month / not enough money offered
6%	Time management / long working hours
5%	Other personal reasons
5%	COVID-19 (fear, restriction)
4%	Hard to find a good job (benefits)
4%	Cannot find a right fit for me
4%	Lack of experience / skills
4%	Taking care of children / family
3%	Lack of education / qualification
3%	Lack of childcare possibilities / expensive childcare
3%	No open positions / no opportunities
2%	No successful interview / no response
1%	I am ok with part-time
1%	Required responsibility / hard work
1%	My high age
1%	I want / plan to start own business
1%	Closed business
5%	Other
11%	DK/NA

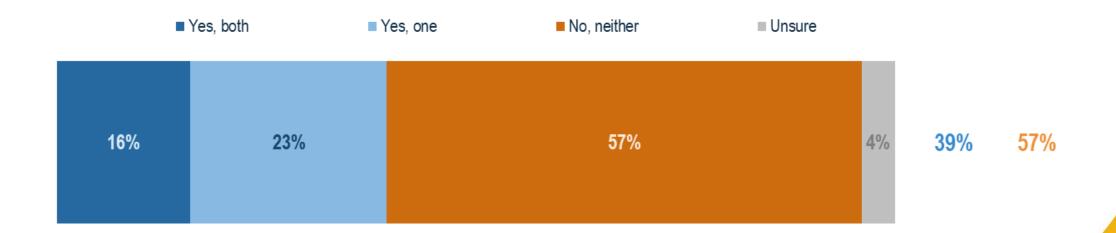


Education/Training Outlook



Majority of Respondents' Parents NOT COLLEGE GRADUATES

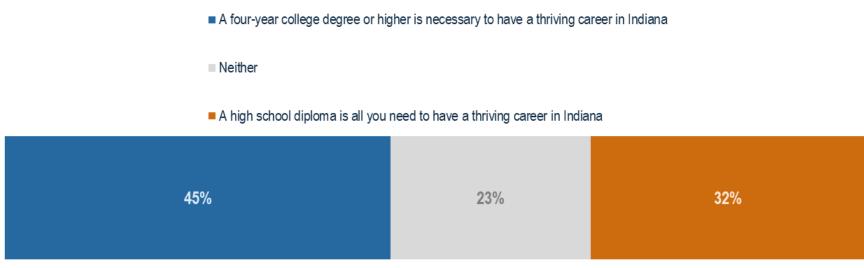
- Only 16% of respondents are the product of two college graduates.
- BUT, the younger the respondent, the more likely they are to have parents with degrees.





Nearly 1/3 Think a High School Diploma is All They Need to Have a Thriving Career in Indiana

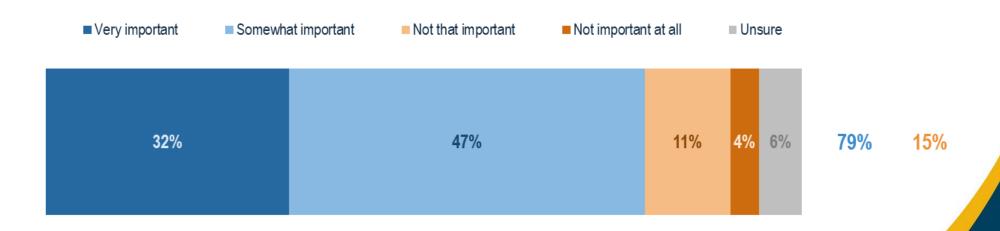
- Those most likely to feel this way are people aged 25-34, people with a household income between \$20K-\$40K, and people without a college degree.
- Minority workers are more likely to consider a college degree necessary for a thriving career. (57% among Hispanics, 48% among Blacks, 44% among Whites)





BUT... 8-in-10 Say a College Degree Is Important When It Comes to <u>GROWING IN A CAREER</u>

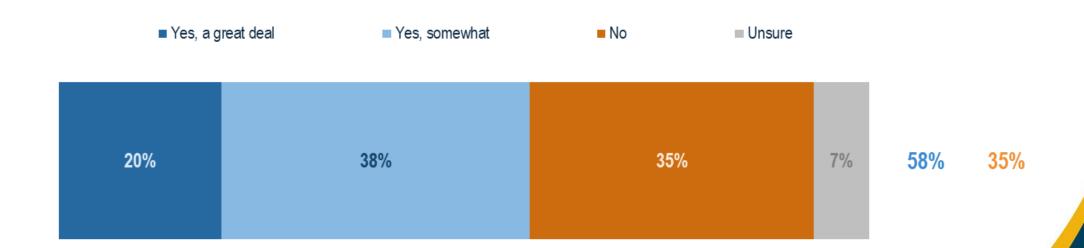
• Even among those who think you can thrive without it, 67% of respondents say a degree is important when it comes to growing in a career.





Majority Are Considering Additional Education

• BUT, most (74%) of those contemplating enhancing their skills have <u>ALREADY COMPLETED</u> education/training beyond high school.





EXPENSE Is by Far the Biggest Obstacle Cited to Continuing Education

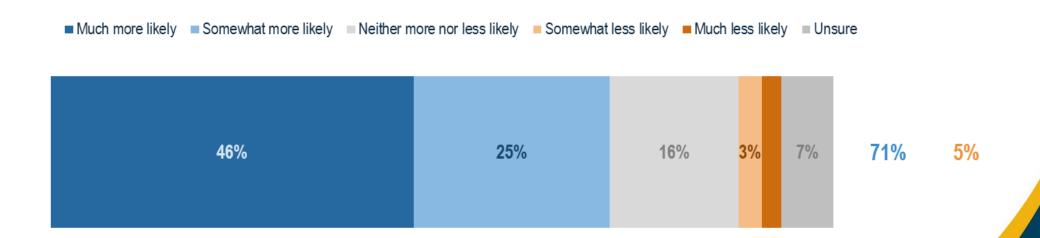
• Lack of time (especially for parents) + flexibility/support of employer are close seconds.

40%	It was too expensive
25%	I didn't have time because of family obligations
24%	I didn't have time because of work obligations/lack of flexibility or support from my current employer
20%	I'd been out of school too long
20%	I wasn't sure what education or training options to pursue
16%	My industry didn't require it
15%	I wasn't looking for a new position so I didn't need it
9%	I didn't know of any opportunities
2%	Other
11%	Unsure



Most Are More Likely to Enroll in Additional Education if It Was Free

• This is particularly true for women, people ages 35-44, people with a household income below \$50K, and people without children.



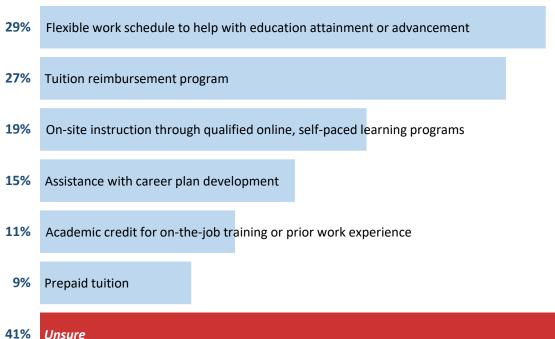


The Employer Connection: Challenges + Opportunities



41% of Respondents Don't Know What Education/ Training Resources Their Employer Offers

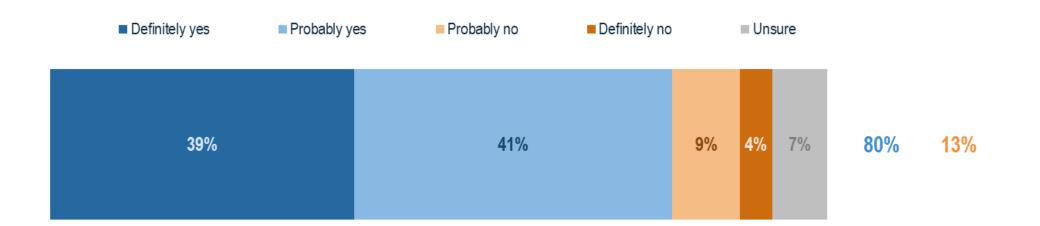
• Less than 1/3 say their employer offers a <u>FLEXIBLE WORK SCHEDULE</u> that helps with education attainment or advancement and/or <u>TUITION REIMBURSEMENT</u>.





Vast Majority Would Consider More Training If Their Employer Encouraged It

- 80% of respondents said they would consider more training if employer encouraged it.
- Particularly men, people under 45, and respondents with a \$20K-\$60K household income.





KEY TAKEAWAYS

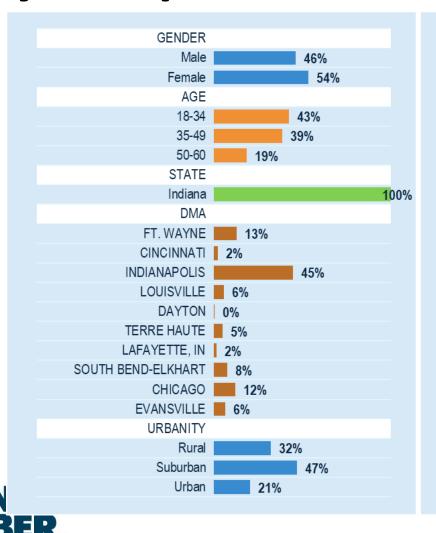
- Overall, more Hoosiers are making the connection between increased education attainment + economic/job opportunity.
- Most are willing to undertake some sort of additional training to move up + advance their careers.
- Lack of clarity among working-age Hoosiers re: what education/ training they should pursue + how they can afford it.
- Indiana employers are a key driver for motivating + supporting Hoosiers to upskill/reskill.

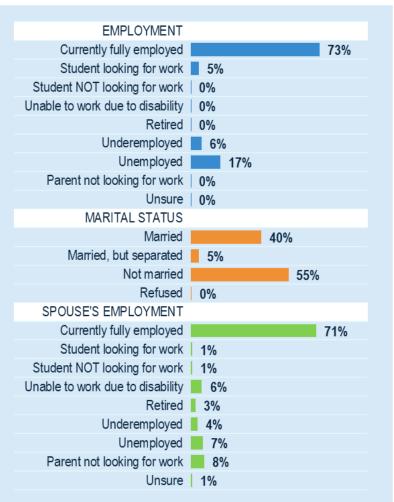




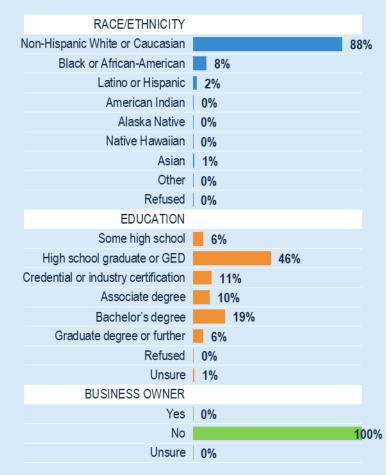


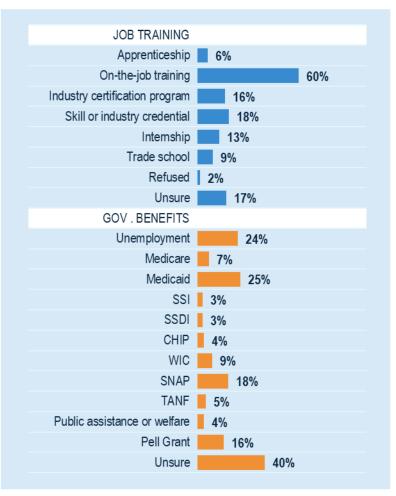
Survey Sample





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